

# Flipping General Physics: First Experience & Lessons Learned

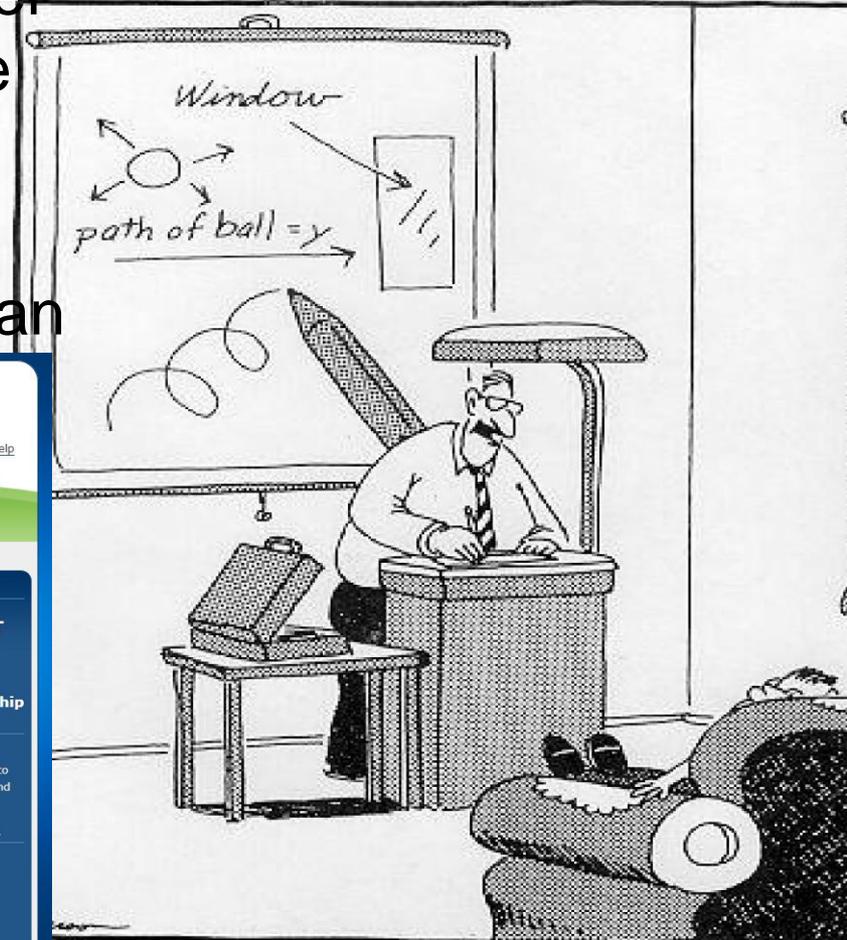
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WAKE FOREST  
UNIVERSITY

1. We should not waste time together on things we can do when we are not together.
2. My students learn some topics better from a five minute video than



Eventually, Billy came to dread his father's lectures over all other forms of punishment.



A screenshot of the American Association of Physics Teachers (AAPT) website. The page features a navigation menu with items like 'About', 'Conferences', 'Programs', 'Publications', 'Membership', 'Sections', 'Resources', 'Partners', 'Store', and 'Giving'. The main content area is titled 'Experienced Faculty Workshop' and includes a group photo of workshop attendees. A sidebar on the right contains links to 'Join AAPT' and 'Donate', along with a list of 'Upcoming Events' such as the 'Alabama Section' and 'Central Pennsylvania Section'.

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- **Before class**

- Watch lecture video
- Work “easy” problems via WebAssign

- **During class**

- Alternate between
  - ConcepTests
  - Group problem solving
- *Ad hoc* ten-minute lectures when and if needed.

- **After class**

- Work “hard problems” via WebAssign.

Most HW sets include a mixture of hard questions on the last topic and easy questions on the next topic.



## Questions driving design:

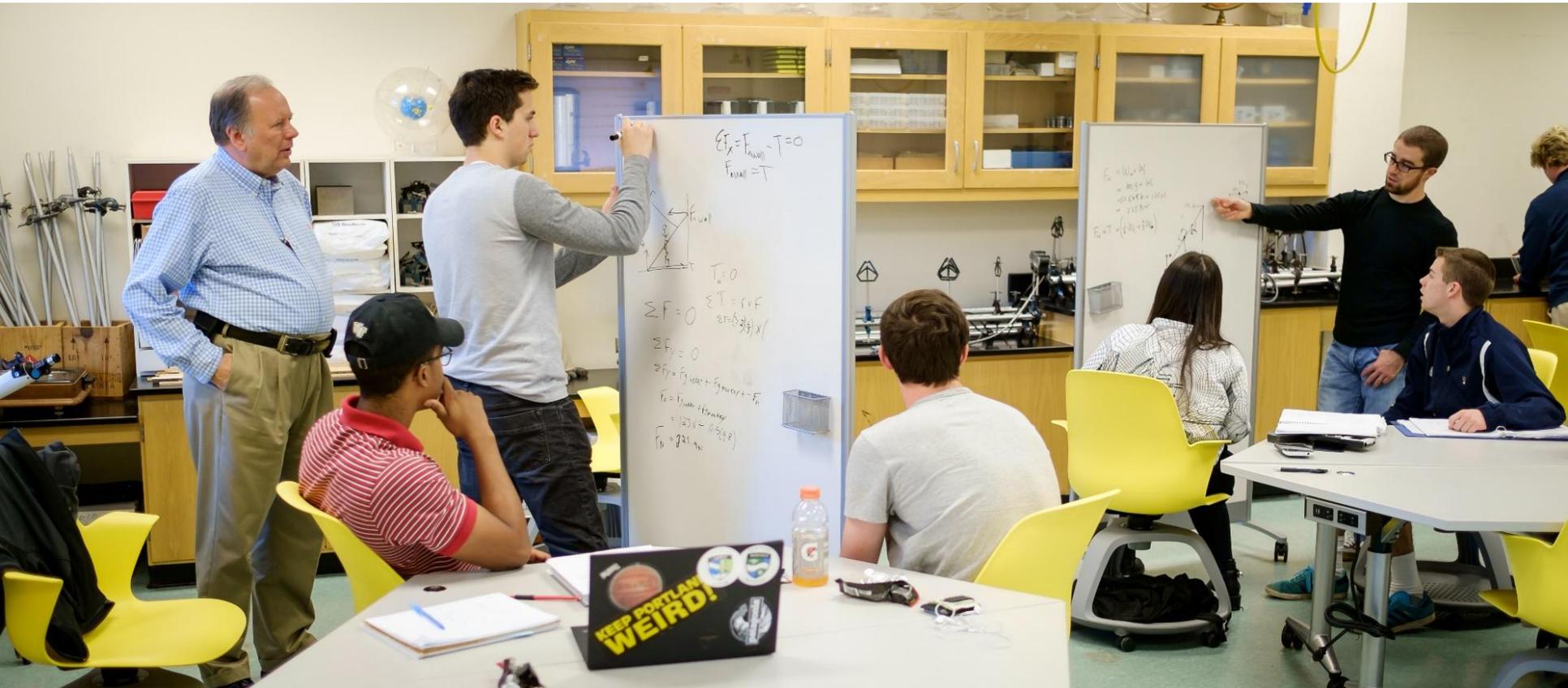
1. What do I want the students to know and be able to do?
2. How can I and they determine whether they know it and can do it?
3. What instruction do they need for the above?
4. What activities yield deep understanding?

## Given the answers to the above questions,

1. Prescribe pre-class activities (lecture videos and easy problems, and perhaps reading and simulations).
2. Choose in-class activities to uncover misunderstandings and gaps.
  - Float during group problem time, ask questions, give hints as last resort
  - Respond in class to widespread struggles with mini-lectures and modified activities.
3. Assign follow-up homework problems to solidify gains.



Students work in groups of three.  
Instructor and each TA support 3 groups of three students.

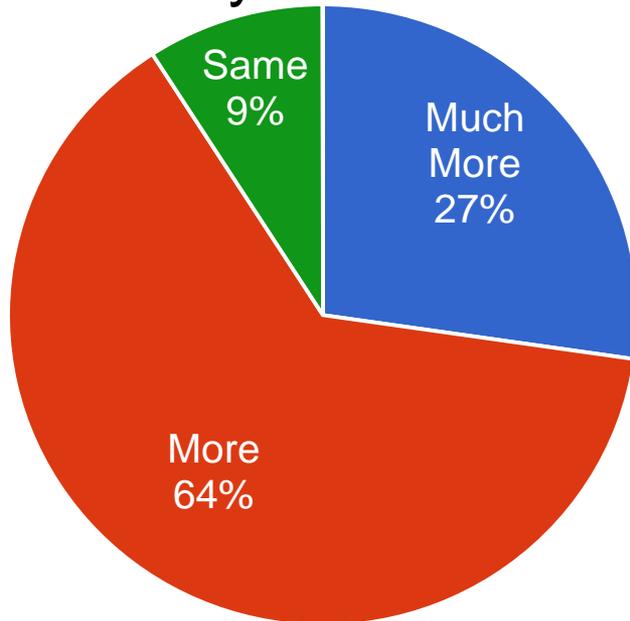




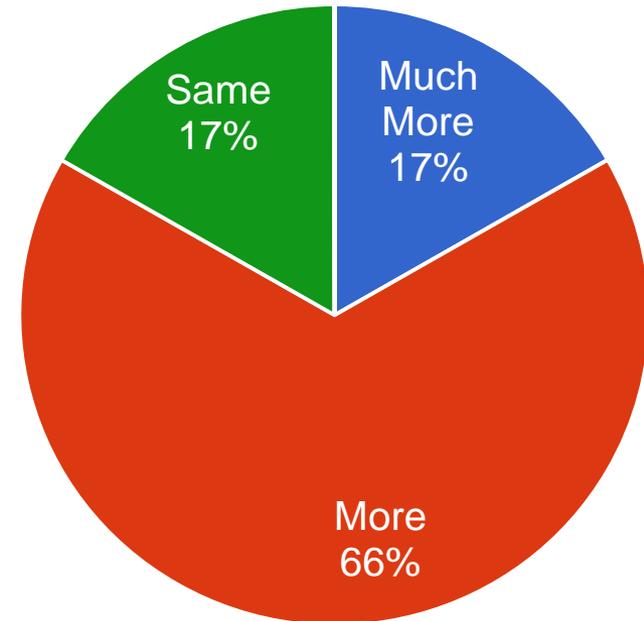
- 1. Getting buy-in from students is important.**
  - Students who heard first-day sales pitch: 70% continued in same section second semester.
  - Students who joined after first-day sales pitch: 0% continued
- 2. This approach naturally drives the teacher toward “backward design” and other effective pedagogical approaches.**
- 3. Twenty-five minutes of class lecture becomes a five minute video** that takes four hours to create from existing material.
- 4. Students want more example problems** than we provided in our videos.
- 5. I am not yet good at this approach; nonetheless, it works!**

## How much do you feel you learned in this courses compared to most of your courses?

Fall 2014, mostly 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> year students



Fall 2015, mostly 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> year students

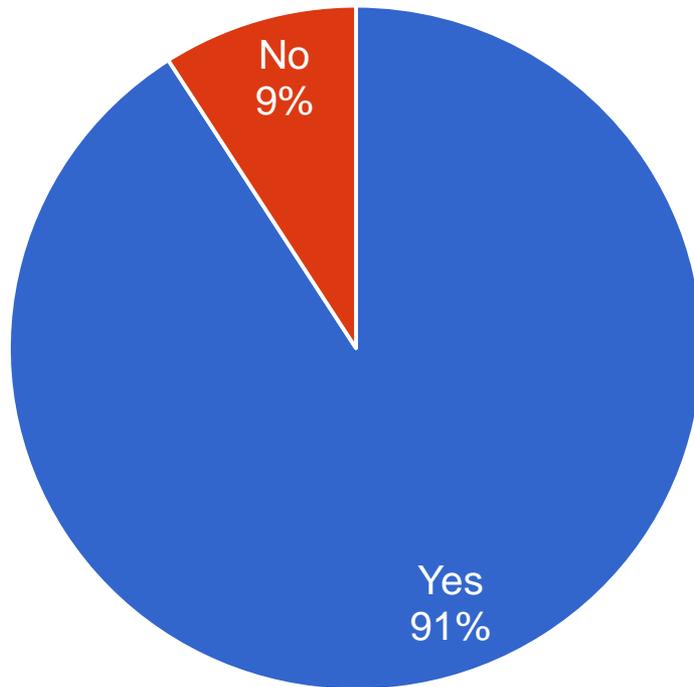


■ Much More ■ More ■ Same ■ Less ■ Much Less

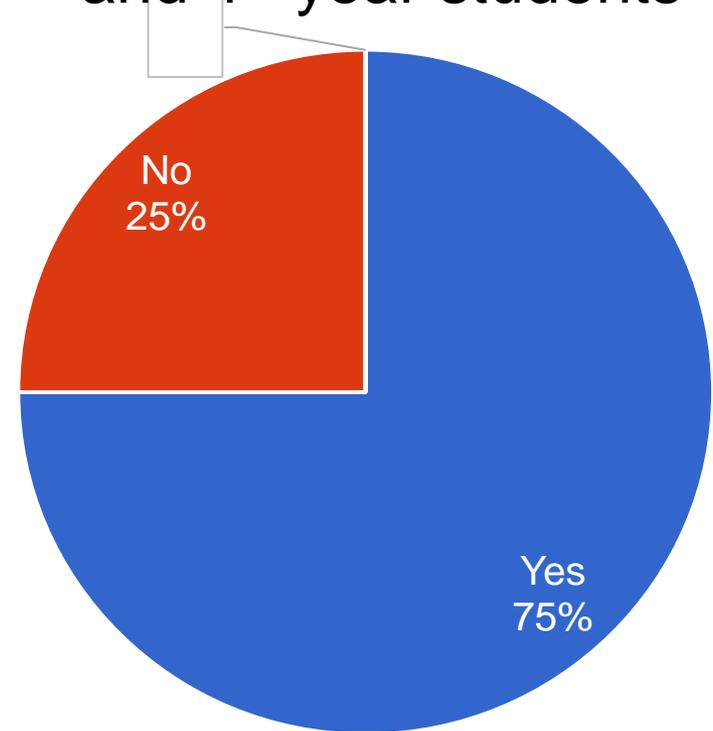
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Would you recommend other physics faculty adopt this approach?

Fall 2014, mostly 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> year students



Fall 2015, mostly 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> year students



- **From a student in General Physics II, who had been in a more traditional section the previous semester: “Last semester, I left every class confused. This semester I leave every class understanding.”**
- **From a student dropping the class: “I am dropping this class because I am no longer pre-med and do not need physics, but I had to stop by to tell you to keep teaching this way. I learned more in this class than in any science class I have ever taken.”**



# Questions and Comments?